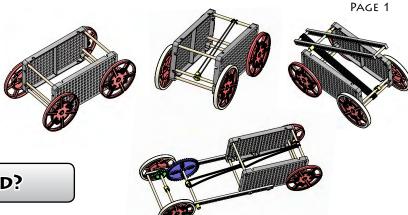


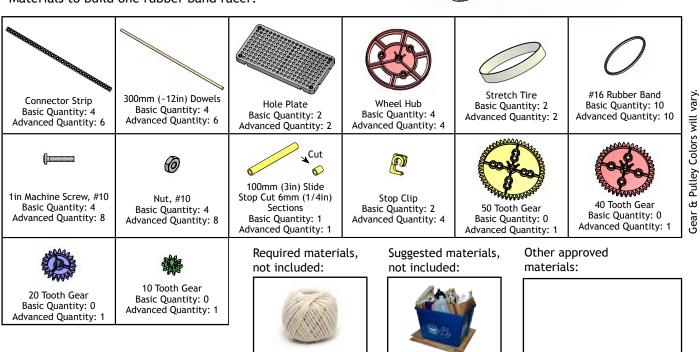
#### THE ACTIVITY

Build, race and re-engineer a rubber band powered vehicle, while applying the science concepts of energy, simple machines and friction.



## WHAT WILL YOU NEED?

Materials to build one rubber band racer:

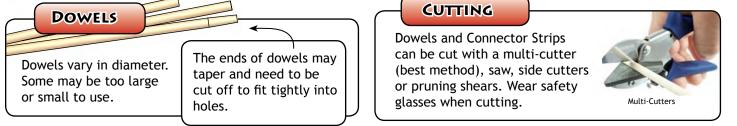


#### Tools to build a rubber band racer:



Recycled & Found

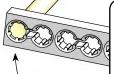
Build it, test it, change it. TeacherGeek™ components allow you to design and engineer your most imaginative mechanisms. Combine them with other materials and products. More resources are available at teachergeek.com.



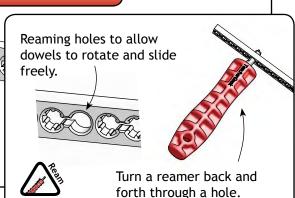


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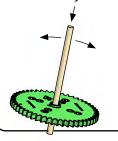
Components come with holes that dowels press securely into.



## PUSH, WIGGLE, TAP

Push dowels into holes by:

- 1. Wiggling and pressing with your hands
- 2. Tapping dowels with a hammer or the side of your cutter.



Tip: Rub a dowel with soap, wax or a crayon to allow it to slide easier into and out of holes.

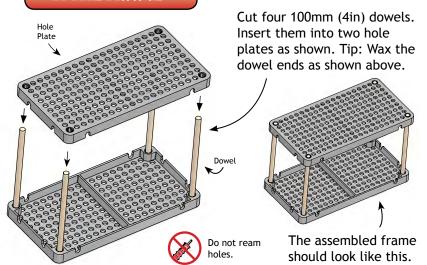
## START BUILDING!!!



**WARNING!!** 

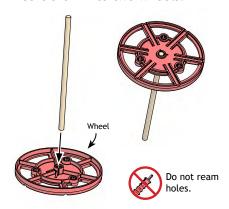
Most holes should not be reamed. Do not ream holes which dowels should stay pressed into.

#### 1. THE FRAME



#### 2. WHEELS

Cut two 125mm (5in) dowels. They will become axles. Insert them into two wheels.

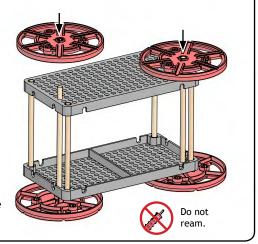


#### 3. MORE WHEELS

Place the wheel & axles from step 2 through the frame (where you think they will function best). They can be moved later.

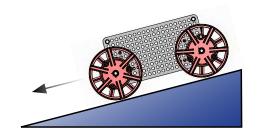
Press the two remaining wheels onto the axles

Tip: Wheels should not be tight against the frame.



#### 4. LET IT ROLL

Roll your racer across the floor or down a ramp. Reduce friction, allowing it to roll the furthest possible distance.

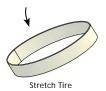




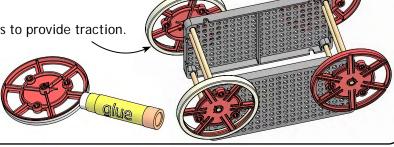
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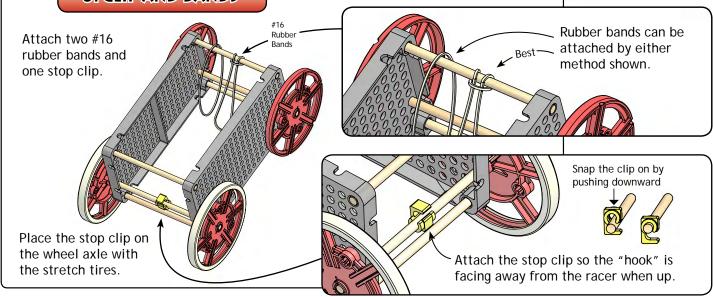
Rubber tires can be stretched around your wheels to provide traction.



Tip: Applying glue to the outside of the wheel will help the stretch tire stay on (after it dries).



## 6. CLIP AND BANDS



## 7. SECURE THE CLIP

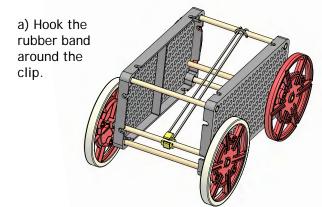
The stop clip may slip (rotate on the axle) when pulled by a rubber band. This can be prevented with a drop of glue.

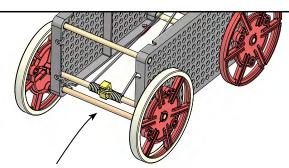


You may invent your own way to hook the rubber band.

#### 8. WIND IT UP & LET IT GO

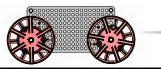
Wind-up your rubber band racer:





b) Wind the rubber band around the axle by pulling the racer backwards with wheels on the ground, or by holding the racer and turning the wheels backward with your hands.

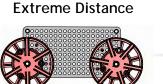
c) Let it go!!!



Zoom



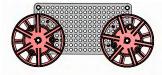




It's time to re-engineer your current rubber band racer to compete in extreme challenges. Build it for one competition, change it for another.

Slow & Far -

Dragster



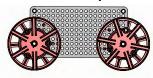








Precision Stop / Shuffleboard



Precision Distance

Competition documents can be downloaded at TeacherGeek.com.

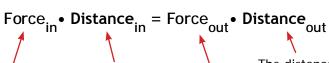
Work

# MECHANICAL ADVANTAGE (IDEAL)

Mechanical Advantage is the relationship between the input force (work in) and the output force (work out).

Work<sub>in</sub> = Work<sub>out</sub>

Work equals force times distance, so we can say...



The distance over which the input force is applied

**Output Force** 

The distance over which the output force is applied

Some energy is lost due to friction and mass.

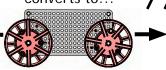
Work<sub>out</sub>

converts to ..

The force released by a rubber band contracting over a distance...

Input Force

Also called "Effort"



the force of the racer and the distance it travels.



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## PARALLEL OR SERIES

Rubber bands can be connected in series (forming a thin long band), or in parallel (forming a short, thick band).



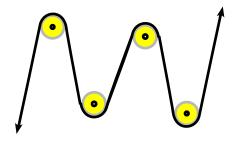
Rubber bands in series store and release less force over a greater distance.



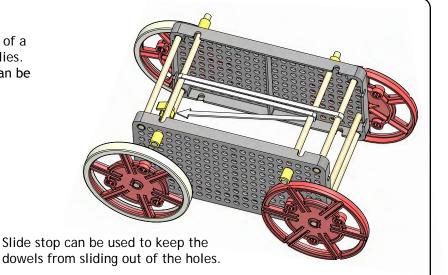
Rubber bands in parallel store and release greater force over a less distance.

This

Pulleys can be used to change the direction of a rubber band, or string, and the force it applies. Dowels, allowed to spin in loose fit holes, can be used as pulleys.



ROUTING



# FRAME EXTENSION

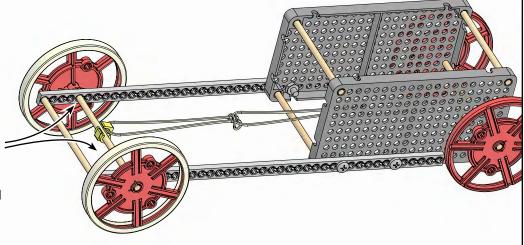
Connector strips can be used to make a vehicle frame taller or longer.



The only reamed holes are those in the connector strips that the wheel axles pass through.



No other holes should be reamed.

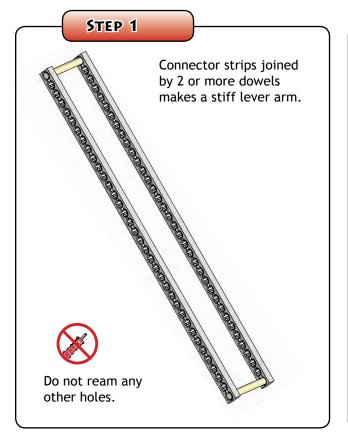


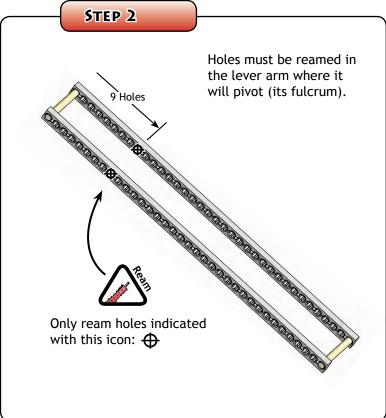


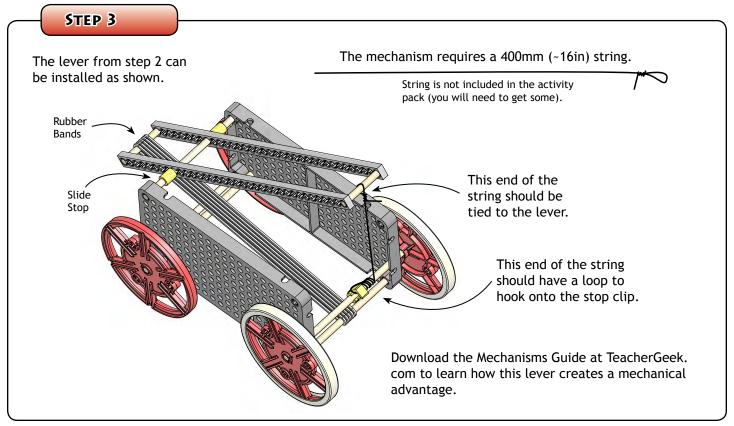
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# LEVER ARM

A lever arm and string can create a mechanical advantage between the rubber bands and the driven wheels to increase distance traveled or vehicle speed.









PAGE

## **GEARS**\*

\*Gears are only included in the advanced rubber band racer pack.



A gear is a wheel with evenly spaced teeth around its perimeter. The teeth on multiple gears can mesh to form a gear train. Gear trains (meshing gears) can transmit force, create a mechanical advantage, and change the direction of force.

Download the TeacherGeek Mechanisms Guide to learn more about gear trains.

